July 19, 1945

Dr. Irving David
Office of Strategic Services
War Annex B, Room 709
Washington, D.C.

Dear Dr. David:

I am enclosing herewith a new Exhibit I in support of Exhibits II (Deportations) and III (Forced Labor). It consists of a factual compilation by Moshe Frager entitled "Year in the Shadow: Polish Jews in the Grip of the Nazis," "Ahmash" Library edition, published by "Masaeh," Palestine, Jerusalem (with the cooperation of the Joint Committee for the Assistance of Polish Jews, and the Hillel Foundation), September, 1941.

Chapter 3 is called "Mass Expulsions and the Ghettos Orders." It gives a full account of the first period of that we in our study call "initial deportations" of Polish Jews, i.e., movement from city to city, from town to town, and from various localities to the Polish ghettos. It contains statistical data. This account applies to the period through the autumn of 1941.

Chapter 3 is entitled "Forced Labor, Mass-Deport, and the Jewish Labor Battalions." This chapter presents a more detailed account of the process of the compulsory and forced labor introduced in Poland by the Nazis. It offers a description of the methods of torture to which the forced laborers were subjected, and of the extent of the forced work which they were forced to carry out. We consider this chapter of an even more characteristic nature than chapter 2. Of course the facts reported in this chapter pertain also to the period through the autumn of 1941.

We went to add that this factual compilation, produced and highly praised by a man like Isaac Greenbaum, former leader of the Jewish Students Club in the Polish Sida and at present a member of the Executive of the Jewish Agency, states the sources substantiating the reports. It is as follows:

1. Decrees and orders of the German occupying authorities, such as appears in the Verordnungenbesteck der General-Gouvernement der Deutsche Besatzungs-Verordnung and the Digest of German orders published with the authorization of the Nazis in Poland under the title "Rada Zagraniczna" Miesz Blatostok, Warsaw, 1940, Munich, "Jylland," Verlag.

2. Statistical data are taken from the publications of the official statistical bureau of the Polish Republic, "Statystyczny," from the official annual statistical reports, "Rada Zagraniczna," or from the English version of these reports, "Contemporary Year-Book of Poland," Warsaw, 1939, 1939.

3. The unique Jewish newspapers that are allowed to appear in Poland under the Nazis, the Polish language weekly, "Jewish Press," and the Yiddish "Der Jude.

As you will see, this Exhibit can be considered a valuable reliable research work based on first source materials.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]